

PUBLIC DEBT MANAGEMENT ACT 2008

Act 5/2008

I assent

SIR ANEROOD JUGNAUTH

President of the Republic

8th May 2008

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

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An Act

To amend, consolidate and modernise the laws relating to public loans, Treasury bills, bonds and similar instruments and Government guarantees for a better management of public sector debt and for related matters

ENACTED by the Parliament of Mauritius as follows –

1. Short title

This Act may be cited as the **Public Debt Management Act 2008**.

2. Interpretation

In this Act –

“Bank” means the Bank of Mauritius established under the Bank of Mauritius Act 2004;

“Bond” means a document incurring long-term debt, which –

- (a) in the case of an initial issue of the Bond, has a maturity date of 5 years or more from the date of its issue; or
- (b) in the case of a re-issue of the Bond, has a maturity date which may be less than the maturity period of its initial issue;

“cash equivalent” means investment, other than those in shares and units, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value;

“central government” has the same meaning as in the Finance and Audit Act;

“certificated securities” means securities issued in bearer or registered form and are evidenced by certificates;

“control”, in relation to Government-controlled, means having an effective influence in the main aspects of management;

“fiscal year” has the same meaning as in the Finance and Audit Act;

“general government” has the same meaning as in the Finance and Audit Act;

“Government” means all Ministries and Departments of the Government;

“Government securities” means Treasury bills, Treasury notes Bonds or Sovereign Sukuks issued by way of certificated securities or uncertificated securities;

“guarantee” means the guarantee referred to in section 8;

“international financial organisation” means –

- (a) the Association, Bank, Corporation or Fund referred to in the International Financial Organisations Act; or
- (b) such other body as the Minister may prescribe;

“issuer” means the agent or his subagent responsible for issuing Government securities to investors;

“local Government” means the Municipal City Councils, Municipal Town Councils, District Councils and Village Councils set up under the Local Government Act 2011 and which exercise an independent competence as government units;

“Minister” means the Minister to whom responsibility for the subject of finance is assigned;

“own”, in relation to Government-owned, means having all or a majority of the shares or other forms of capital participation;

“public corporation” has the same meaning as in the Finance and Audit Act;

“public sector” has the same meaning as in the Finance and Audit Act;

“regional Government” means the Rodrigues Regional Assembly under the Rodrigues Regional Assembly Act 2001;

“social security schemes” has the same meaning as in the Finance and Audit Act;

“Treasury bill” means a document incurring short-term debt, which has a maturity date of 12 months or less from the date of its issue;

“Treasury note” means a document incurring medium-term debt, which has a maturity date of more than 12 months and less than 5 years from the date of its issue;

“uncertificated securities” means securities issued as bookkeeping entries pursuant to a book-entry system established by the Ministry.

Amended by [\[Act No. 14 of 2009\]](#); [\[Act No. 36 of 2011\]](#); [\[Act No. 9 of 2015\]](#); [\[Act No. 10 of 2017\]](#); [\[Act No. 1 of 2020\]](#); [\[Act No. 18 of 2025\]](#)

3. Power of Minister to raise funds

- (1) The power to raise funds under subsection (2) in the name and on behalf of the Government shall be solely vested in the Minister.
- (2) The Minister may, from time to time, raise funds in or outside Mauritius to finance investment projects or other commitments of Government or for such other purposes as may be prescribed.
- (3) For the purposes of subsection (2), the Minister may enter into an agreement with a financial or banking institution, an international financial organisation or a foreign government in such manner and on such terms as he thinks fit.
- (3A) The Minister may enter into such agreement, sell, purchase or otherwise acquire any immovable property or any right therein, lease movable or immovable property and generally engage in such transactions and perform such activities as may be reasonably necessary for the purpose of issuing Sovereign Sukuks in Mauritius.
- (4) The Minister may enter into any other agreement for the purposes of varying the terms of an agreement entered into under subsection (3).

- (5) A copy of every agreement under subsection (3), (3A) or (4) shall be laid before the National Assembly –
- (a) where the Assembly is in session, within 15 working days of the conclusion of the agreement; or
 - (b) where the Assembly is not in session, within 7 working days of the next session of the Assembly.
- (6) The Minister may, for the purpose of giving effect to an agreement under subsection (3), (3A) or (4), authorise in writing any person to sign, issue and execute any endeavour or instrument.

Amended by [\[Act No. 14 of 2009\]](#); [\[Act No. 18 of 2016\]](#)

4. Advances by Bank

In accordance with section 58 of the Bank of Mauritius Act 2004, the Bank may grant, in a fiscal year, advances to cover negative net cash flows of the Government.

5. Issue of Government securities

- (1) The Minister may authorise the issue of Government securities in such type, form and manner, and in such terms and conditions, as he may approve.
- (2) Government securities under subsection (1) shall, subject to subsection (3), be issued in book-entry or in physical form.
- (3) Government securities in physical form shall be identified by their series of issuance, distinctive serial numbers, face amount, and may be in either registered or bearer form.
- (4) On the commencement of this Act, Government securities shall, save in exceptional circumstances, be issued in book-entry form.

- (5) The Minister shall take steps to encourage holders of Government securities in physical form to convert them into book-entry form.
- (6) Government securities issued in book-entry form shall constitute Government debt no less than if they had been issued in physical form.
- (7) Where a certificate or other document of title to certificated securities is lost, stolen, destroyed, mutilated or defaced, the issuer shall, on application being made by the holder of the certificate or other document, issue a duplicate certificate or document to the holder.
- (8) Any application under subsection (7) relating to a lost or stolen certificate or document shall be accompanied by a written undertaking that where the certificate or document is found, or received by the holder, it shall be returned to the issuer.
- (9) For the purposes of this section, the Bank shall, on behalf of the Ministry, establish and maintain a computerised system for issuing, maintaining, servicing and redeeming the uncertificated securities.
- (10) All proceeds from the issuance of Government securities to support monetary policy objectives shall be deposited in an account at the Bank and used only for the redemption of such securities.
- (11) Any cost incurred by Government in the issuance of Government securities to support monetary policy objectives shall be borne by the Bank, unless Government decides to meet such cost.

Amended by [\[Act No. 9 of 2015\]](#); [\[Act No. 18 of 2016\]](#)

6. Public sector debt

- (1) Any debt incurred –
 - (a) through the raising of loans, the issuing of securities, overdrafts or by any other means by –

- (i) the central Government;
 - (ii) the Rodrigues Regional Assembly under section 51(c) of the Rodrigues Regional Assembly Act 2001;
 - (iii) the local Government;
 - (iv) a public corporation, whether or not the loans are wholly or partly guaranteed by the Government;
- (b) by way of advances from the Bank to any entity in the public sector,
- shall constitute public sector debt.
- (2) Any debt incurred by the general Government or a public corporation and which is wholly or partly guaranteed by the Government shall constitute a debt due by the State and carry an absolute and unconditional commitment by the Government to the timely payment of the principal of the debt, and the interest on it, in accordance with the terms and conditions under which the indebtedness was contracted.
- (3) Provision for the payment of the principal of, and interest on, public sector debt in accordance with the terms and conditions of the debt shall be made in the annual budget of the general Government or public corporation, as the case may be.
- (4) Notwithstanding any other enactment, all Government debt, regardless of its nature or the date it was incurred, shall have equality of status in relation to claims in respect of payment of the principal and interest, and shall constitute a first claim against the account into which the funds are deposited.
- (5) Claims referred to in subsection (4) shall not be subordinated to any other claim, except for obligations made in the name of the State and ratified by the National Assembly under appropriate treaties or conventions.

Amended by [\[Act No. 1 of 2020\]](#); [\[Act No. 18 of 2025\]](#)

7. Public sector debt ceiling

- (1) For the purpose of calculating the ceiling of public sector debt under this section, section 6(1) shall apply.
- (2) (a) Subject to this section, the total outstanding amount of public sector debt as a percentage of gross domestic product at current market prices shall, at the end of –
- (i) fiscal year 2030, not exceed the percentage specified in Part I of the Schedule; and
 - (ii) fiscal year 2035 and thereafter, not exceed the percentage specified in Part II of the Schedule.
- (b) The percentage referred to in the Schedule shall be considered to be the fiscal anchor.
- (3) Subsection (2) shall not apply in case –
- (a) of natural disasters or other emergencies requiring exceptional expenditure;
 - (b) where a large investment project in the public sector is deemed by Cabinet to be timely and prudent; or
 - (c) of general economic slow-down requiring fiscal stimulus.

Amended by [\[Act No. 10 of 2010\]](#); [\[Act No. 9 of 2015\]](#); [\[Act No. 18 of 2016\]](#); [\[Act No. 10 of 2017\]](#); [\[Act No. 1 of 2020\]](#); [\[Act No. 12 of 2023\]](#); [\[Act No. 18 of 2025\]](#)

8. Guarantees by Government

- (1) (a) Subject to this section, the Minister may execute, in the name and on behalf of the Government, any instrument required to be executed for the purpose of guaranteeing, wholly or partly, the repayment of any money borrowed by the regional Government, local Government, any public corporation or any institution providing services to Government, or to any

public sector entity, which he considers to be in the public interest, for any purpose except current expenditure.

(b) The Minister may authorise, in writing, an officer of the Ministry to execute, in the name and on behalf of the Government, any instrument referred to in paragraph (a).

(2) Prior to the execution of any instrument under subsection (1), the Minister –

(a) shall take into consideration the public sector debt ceiling under section 7 which, by combining the General Government debt and the other public sector debt, may effectively limit the amount of guarantees to be given in a fiscal year; and

(b) may require –

(i) the Rodrigues Regional Assembly, a local government or a public corporation, as the case may be, to furnish proof of its capacity to repay the money borrowed; and

(ii) a risk assessment exercise to be carried out to determine the level of risk involved with regard to the issue of the guarantee.

(3) The Minister may –

(a) as a condition of the guarantee, require a public enterprise to pay an annual fee not exceeding one per cent of the amount guaranteed; and

(b) or the purposes of guaranteeing any money under this section, impose such other conditions in such manner and on such terms as he thinks fit.

(4) Any money, the repayment of which is guaranteed under any instrument under subsection (1), shall be a charge on the Consolidated Fund and any liability incurred under it shall be paid out of the Fund.

(5) The Ministry shall maintain the official register of the stock of Government-guaranteed debt.

- (6) The Ministry shall, not later than one month after the end of every quarter, prepare a report on the stock of Government-guaranteed debt and the costs incurred and the estimated costs to be incurred due to realisation of Government guarantees, and takes steps to ensure that it is made public.

Amended by [\[Act No. 26 of 2012\]](#); [\[Act No. 18 of 2016\]](#); [\[Act no. 10 of 2017\]](#); [\[Act No. 1 of 2020\]](#); [\[Act No. 18 of 2025\]](#)

9. Debt management strategy

- (1) The objectives of the debt management strategy shall be –
- (a) to meet the borrowing needs of Government in a manner that avoids market disruption;
 - (b) to minimise the cost of the debt portfolio within an acceptable level of risk; and
 - (c) to support the development of a well-functioning market for Government securities.
- (2) The debt management strategy shall set risk-control benchmarks and medium term targets for the composition, currency-mix, interest rate-mix, maturity profile and relative size of the public sector debt.
- (3) The Ministry shall –
- (a) prepare, within 3 months of the commencement of this Act, a debt management strategy as a primary policy tool to guide the relevant staff for managing the public sector debt; and
 - (b) regularly, review the debt management strategy and make any amendment thereto.

- (4) The Ministry shall, not later than one month after the end of every quarter, prepare a report on the outstanding stock of public sector debt, its size and currency composition, interest rate-mix and maturity profile.
- (5) The Ministry shall take steps to ensure that the debt management strategy, any amendment under subsection (3)(b) and the report under subsection (4) be made public.

Amended by [\[Act No. 18 of 2016\]](#)

10. Management of public sector debt

- (1) The Ministry shall be responsible for the policy framework and strategy governing the management of public sector debt and for ensuring that the public sector debt is properly managed in accordance with that policy, and in particular, the Ministry shall –
 - (a) be guided by the need to –
 - (i) finance the debt at the least possible cost, consistent with prudent level of risk and the Ministry's fiscal policy objectives;
and
 - (ii) to develop, to the extent that market conditions, prudence and policy goals permit, a viable interest rate curve for Government borrowing, using, as appropriate, benchmark issues to help track the prevailing costs of short, medium and long term financing;
 - (b) maintain the official register of the stock of public sector debt;
 - (c) study and analyse public sector debt structure, debt repayment and debt restructuring and any other matter relating to public sector debt;
and
 - (d) monitor guarantees by Government under section 8;

- (2) The Ministry shall, for the purposes of this section, set up and maintain an electronic monitoring system to record information relating to public sector debt received, from the general Government and public corporations.
- (3) The electronic information referred to in subsection (2) shall include a 3-fiscal year financing plans and debt projections, updated annually or as required and a quarterly report of actual debt stock shall be made public.

Amended by [\[Act No. 38 of 2011\]](#)

- (4) Every supervising officer or chief executive officer of general Government and public enterprises shall, for the purposes of subsections (2) and (3), submit to the Ministry –
 - (a) not later than 15 days after the end of every quarter, debt data in respect of the quarter; and
 - (b) not later than 31 March in every year, a 3-fiscal year financing plans and debt projections.

(5) Every director or head of non-financial public sector bodies shall, for the purpose of section 6(1)(b) and (c), submit to the Ministry, not later than 15 days after the end of every quarter, cash balances and cash equivalents, held with any financial institution, and equity investment held in any private sector entity, in respect of that quarter.

Amended by [\[Act No. 10 of 2010\]](#); [\[Act No. 38 of 2011\]](#); [\[Act No. 9 of 2015\]](#); [\[Act No. 1 of 2020\]](#); [\[Act No. 18 of 2025\]](#)

11. Agent for Government

For the purposes of issuance and management of Government debt, the Minister may appoint a different organisation, suitably qualified, in lieu of the Bank, to be the agent of Government to perform such duties and functions of debt management, and on such terms and conditions, as may be determined by the Minister.

12. Regulations

The Minister may –

- (a) make such regulations as he thinks fit for the purposes of this Act;
- (b) by regulations, prescribe the procedures and processes necessary for debt issuance and management;
- (c) by regulations, amend the Schedule.

Amended by [\[Act No. 10 of 2010\]](#); [\[Act No. 1 of 2020\]](#); [\[Act No. 12 of 2023\]](#)

13. Transitional provisions

- (1) Notwithstanding section 8(1), any instrument guaranteeing any money borrowed in respect of current expenditure by the regional Government, local Government or any public enterprise under the repealed Loans Act and the Government Guarantees (Development Purposes) Act before the commencement of this Act shall, on the commencement of this Act, remain in force until the expiry of the instrument.
- (2) Pending the implementation of section 10(2), the general Government and every public corporation shall, on the commencement of this Act, submit a certified statement to the Ministry, not later than –
 - (a) 31 July 2008, specifying the amount of the loan outstanding and the amount of principal and interest in arrears as at 30 June 2008; and
 - (b) one month after every quarter, specifying the amount of the loan outstanding and the amount of principal and interest in arrears as at the end of that quarter,

together with reasons for the arrears and the actions taken to settle the arrears.

Amended by [\[Act No. 18 of 2025\]](#)

14. Consequential amendments

- (1) The Bank of Mauritius Act 2004 is amended in section 58 –

- (a) in subsection (1), by deleting the words “in respect of temporary deficiencies of Government’s recurrent revenue” and replacing them by the words “to cover negative net cash flows of the Government”;
 - (b) in subsection (2), by deleting the words “25 per cent of the Government’s recurrent revenue” and replacing them by the words “10 per cent of the Government’s revenue excluding grants and receipts of a capital nature”;
 - (c) by repealing subsection (3) and replacing it by the following subsection –
 - (3) Any advances under subsection (1) shall be repaid as soon as possible and shall, in any event, be repayable not later than 4 months from the time the advances are granted.
- (2) The Rodrigues Regional Assembly Act 2001 is amended in section 51 –
- (a) by deleting the heading and replacing it by the following heading -

Power to borrow
 - (b) in subsection (1) -
 - (i) by repealing paragraph (a);
 - (ii) in paragraph (c), by deleting the words “section 4 of the Loans Act” and replacing them by the words “section 3(5) of the Public Debt Management Act 2008”.

15. Repeal and savings

- (1) The following Acts are repealed –
 - (a) Loans Act;

- (b) Bonds Act; and
 - (c) Government Guarantees (Development Purposes) Act.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) –
- (a) any loan, Treasury Bill or stock under the repealed Loans Act; and
 - (b) any bond under the repealed Bonds Act,

outstanding immediately before the commencement of this Act shall, on the commencement of this Act, remain valid until redeemed.

- (3) Any loan raised by a public corporation, whether or not the loans are wholly or partly guaranteed by Government or any issue of bonds or debentures by a public enterprise outstanding immediately before the commencement of this Act shall, on the commencement of this Act, remain valid until redeemed.
- (4) Any fee charged or security furnished under the repealed Government Guarantees (Development Purposes) Act and outstanding or in force, as the case may be, immediately before the commencement of this Act shall, on the commencement of this Act, be deemed to be outstanding or in force on the commencement of this Act.

16. Commencement

- (1) This Act shall, subject to subsection (2), come into operation on 1 July 2008.
- (2) Section 10(3) shall come into operation on 1 July 2009.

Passed by the National Assembly on the sixth day of May two thousand and eight.

Ram Ranjit Dowlutta
Clerk of the National Assembly

SCHEDULE

[Section 7(2)(b)]

PART I

75 per cent

PART I

60 per cent

Amended by [\[Act No. 10 of 2010\]](#); [\[Act No. 10 of 2017\]](#) [\[Act No. 1 of 2020\]](#); [\[Act No. 12 of 2023\]](#); Repealed and replaced by [\[Act No. 18 of 2025\]](#)